

## While EU biofuels production increased...



- More food was produced
- Global food prices have gone down
- Agricultural land was secured
- EU's forest cover expanded
- Better trade balance was achieved

No negative effect on food production, environment or price



# While the EU's transport still relies heavily on fossil fuels, biofuels...



- Are the main renewable source in transport
- Brought total emission savings of 11.8 Mtonne of CO<sub>2</sub>eq in 2016
- Can more than halve the carbon emissions of the existing vehicle fleet
- At the lowest average carbon abatement cost
- Without requiring investment in new infrastructure

Eu biofuels reduce emissions today in an economic way



#### **EU suffers from chronic deficit of plant proteins**





It imports **more than 70%** of its vegetable protein supply & still **significantly depends** on imports of animal protein

## On the other hand, for every ton of biofuel produced in the EU...

- Another ton of high protein feed by-product is cogenerated, reducing europe's protein deficit
- Resulting in each year in more than

  13 million tons of protein-rich products





### Biofuels produced from EU feedstocks:



- Created tens of thousands of direct and indirect jobs
- Provided an additional stable domestic market opportunity
- Generated revenue & added value
- Offered economic stability to struggling EU farmers

EU biofuels create income & jobs in rural areas



